Advanced Mathematical Perspectives 1 Lecture 14: Higher-dimensional Random Walks



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### Section 1

#### 2D Random Walks

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# A Simple 2D Random Walk



- Imagine moving around a square grid
  - ▶ from (*i*, *j*)
  - at each time step, move up, down, left or right
  - each possible jump has probability 1/4

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#### Random Walk Mathematics

Take a series of *vector random variables*  $\{X_k\}$  for k = 1, 2, ... defined by

$$X_k = \begin{cases} (1,0), & \text{with probability } 1/4, \\ (-1,0), & \text{with probability } 1/4, \\ (0,1), & \text{with probability } 1/4, \\ (0,-1), & \text{with probability } 1/4. \end{cases}$$

Now we could describe the state of our random walk at time *n* as a random variable  $S_n = (i, j)$ , defined by  $S_0 = (0, 0)$  and

$$S_n = \sum_{k=1}^n X_k$$

This is a very common type of random process, and often analysed.



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Application: Google's PageRank – a random walk on a network

- We can perform a random walk on any network of points
- Imagine the WWW as a large network, we would like to find the most important pieces (when searching)
- Imagine a person following random links, the amount of time he spends (on average) at a particular page might give some evidence for how central it is to the network.
- This idea is a key part of Google's PageRank algorithm, though they implement it in a more clever way

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## Random Walks in Art

Many natural phenomena are modelled as variants of random walks, but they also get used in art:

- Antony Gormley's Quantum Cloud is a large sculpture based on a 3D random walk.
- Simon Ingram's Random Walk Machine uses random walks underlying the generation (by machine) of paintings.
- Marius Lehene, Random Walk With Drift
- Chromata

# Further reading I

Paul C. Bressloff, Stochastic processes in cell biology, ch. Diffusion in Cells: Random Walks and Brownian Motion, Springer, 2014, http://www.springer.com/gp/book/9783319084879.

Sheldon Ross, Introduction to probability models, Academic Press, 2010.

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